



Lisa Cherney

Education Manager, AMCA International

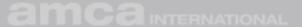
- Joined AMCA in February 2019
- Responsible for development of AMCA's education programs; staff liaison for the Education & Training Committee
- Projects include webinars, AMCA's online learning platform programming, presentations at trade shows, PDH/RCEP account management, and AMCA's Speakers Network
- Previous career in meeting, event, and incentive travel planning & management





Introduction to AMCA

- Not-for-profit manufacturer association
- Established 1917 with six member companies in USA
- Now global with almost 400 companies



The AMCA Mission:

To advance the knowledge of air systems and uphold industry integrity on behalf of AMCA members worldwide.









Education



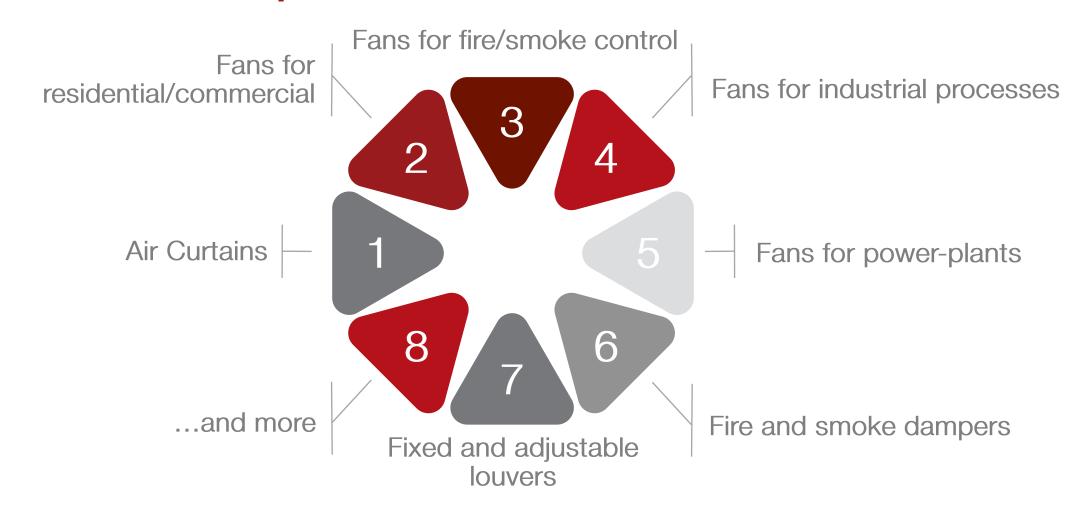
Global reach. Local touch.

Truly international membership – Nearly 400 members worldwide



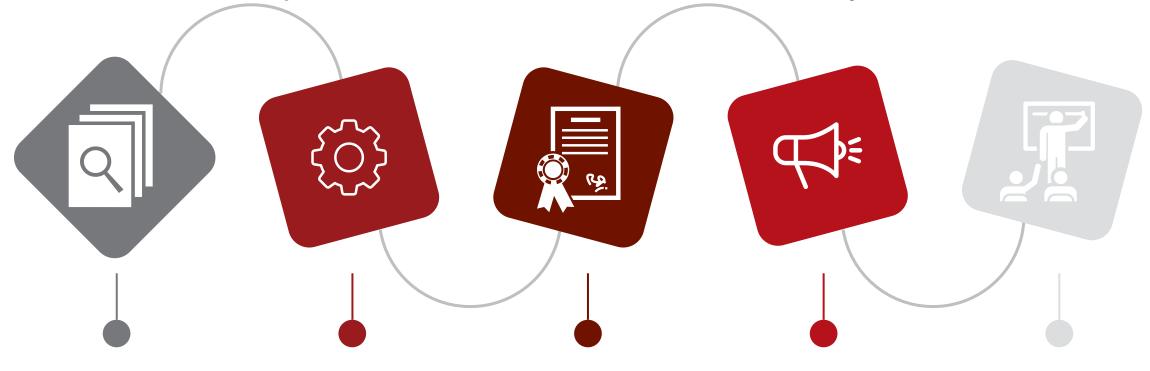


AMCA Scope of Products



AMCA Value Chain

What AMCA provides members and the industry



International standards & publications

Testing & accreditation

Certification & ratings

Advocacy & Industry relations

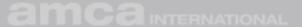
Marketing & education



Certification

Why specify certified products? Increased reliability of ratings Catalogs are up to date and accurate Apples-to-apples comparisons

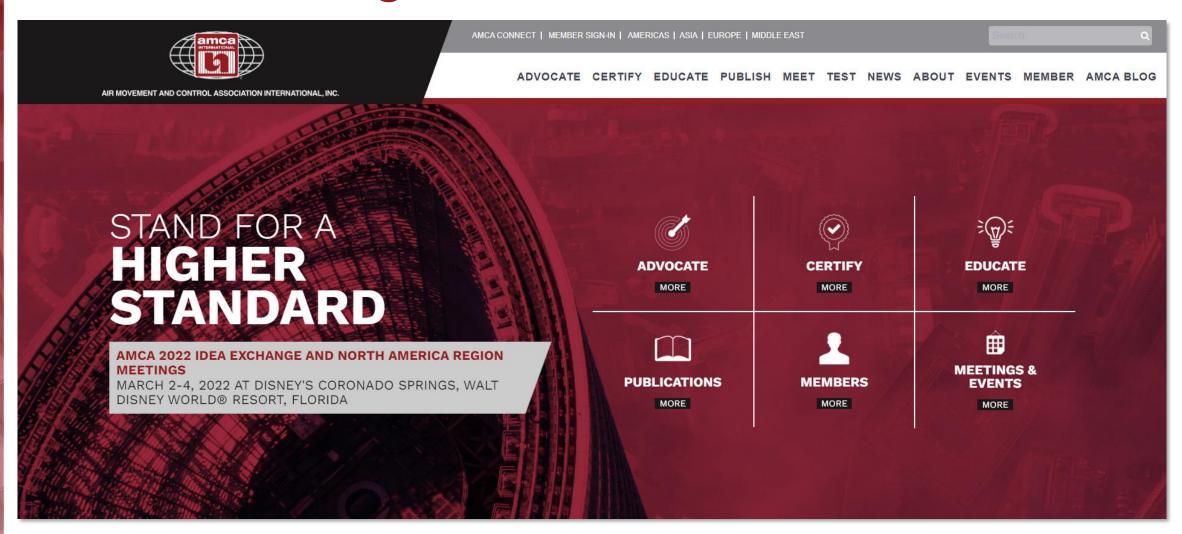
"Check testing" ensures ratings are accurate over time.



AMCA certifying test labs

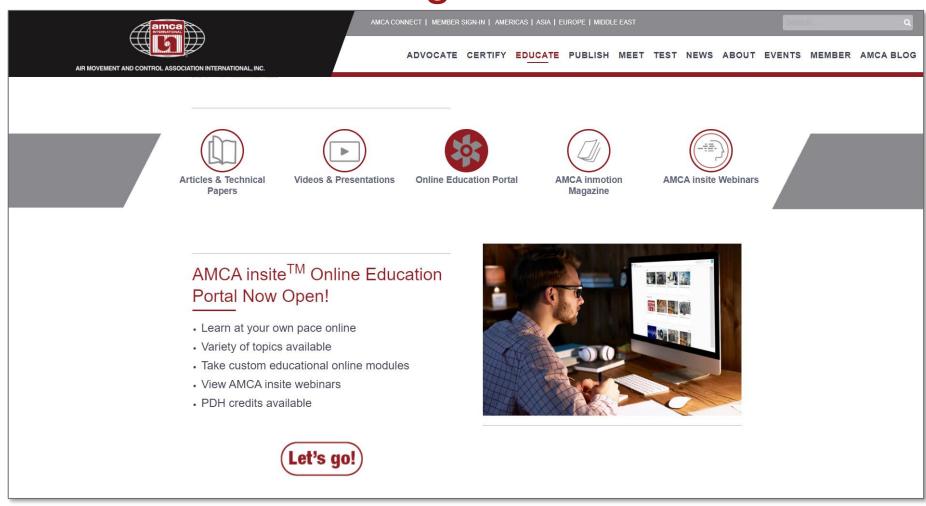


www.amca.org





AMCA's Online Learning Platform



www.amca.org/educate

KINETICS Noise Control®

Introduction to HVAC Noise Control

Kristen Neath

Canadian Nation Sales Manager – ICE Markets

Kristen Neath

MCanadian National Sales Manager – Commercial Industrial, Environmental Markets

Mechanical Systems Engineering

MExtensive knowledge of sheet metal design & fabrication

MExpertise in reducing mechanical HVAC noise through design & application of noise control products



Kinetics Noise Control

Mestablished in 1958

MCorporate office in Dublin
OH with facilities in California,
Ontario, and Hong Kong

MManufacturer of noise and vibration control products



Market Divisions

- 1. HVAC Vibration Isolation Mechanical Equipment Isolation
- 2. Seismic and Wind Restraint Seismic/Wind engineered solutions and product
- 3. Noise Control Building Materials Building Noise Separation, walls, floors, Ceilings, Track Slabs
- 4. Room Acoustics Interior space reverberant and room tuning
- 5. Industrial In-Plant airborne noise and vibration control
- 6. Environmental- Outdoor airborne noise control, mechanical equipment, O & G
- 7. Home & Pro Theatres- High-end home theaters sound absorption, vibration isolation
- 8. Airflow Attenuation- vent/fan/duct silencers, acoustic louvers

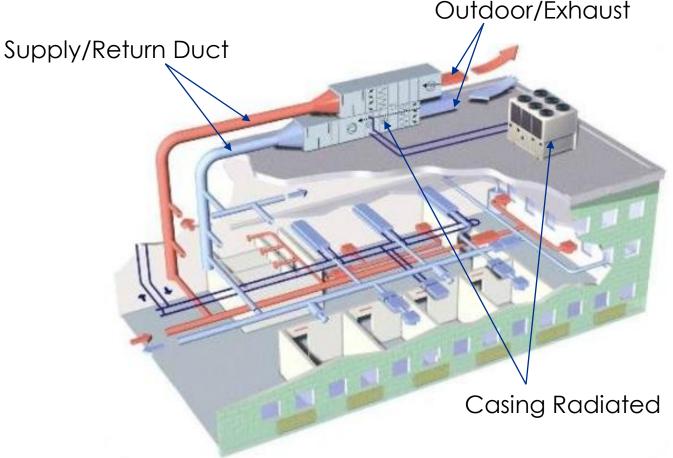
Indoor/Outdoor Noise Control

M Indoor:

Moise travelling through supply and return duct work serving the inside of a building

MOutdoor:

MNoise generated by HVAC equipment with a receiver and path outdoors



Why Acoustics?

- MHVAC equipment is one of the major sources of interior noise in a building
 - MContributes to the overall level of occupant satisfaction
- MHVAC equipment can also be a noise concern outside of the building
 - Municipal by-laws for sound levels outside of the building
- MIncorrect selection of acoustic products will impact the performance of the HVAC system

HVAC System Noise

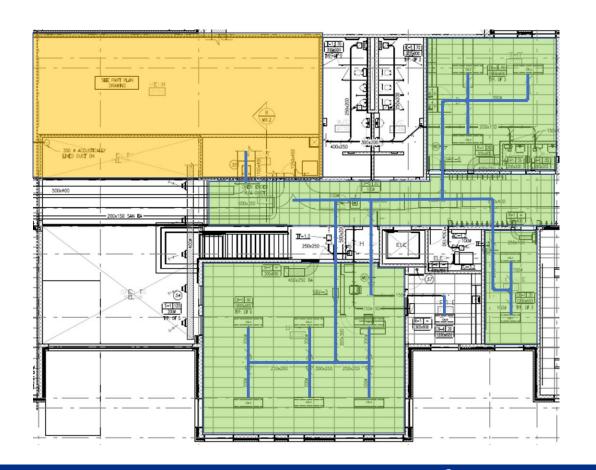
MNoise is unwanted sound

MSound is energy (propagating as a wave) travelling through a fluid or solid

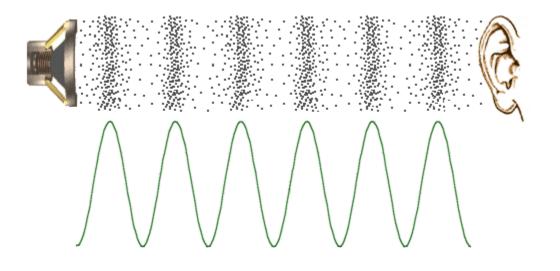
MIn a solid, this can be noise transmitted through building partitions

MIn a fluid, this can be noise transmitted through the HVAC system

MSource, Path, and Receiver



HVAC System Noise: Source



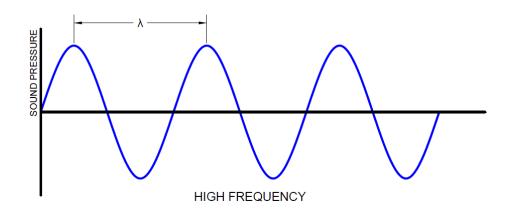
- MAirborne sound is generated by a vibrating surface or by a turbulent fluid stream
- MSound waves in air are variations in pressure above and below atmospheric pressure
- M Sound levels measured by the rate at which acoustical energy is released referred to as: **Sound Power Level**

Characteristics of the Sound Wave

MFrequency (Pitch)

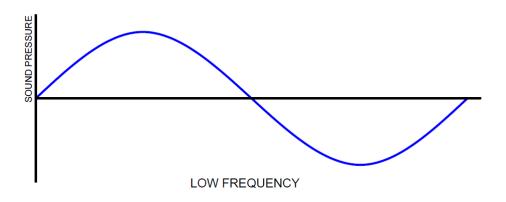
MMeasured in Hertz (Hz)

MFor most HVAC noise control:
63/125/250/500/1k/2k/4k/8k



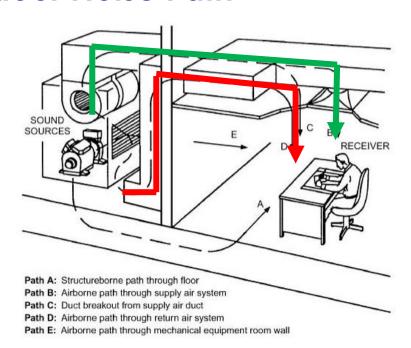
Mavelength

Moifference between successive peaks $M\lambda = c/f$

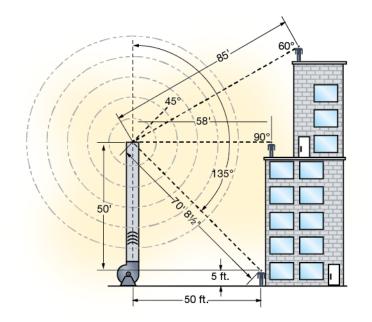


HVAC System Noise: Path

Indoor Noise Path



Outdoor Noise Path



HVAC System Noise: Receiver

MSound Levels in the rooms are dependent on the size, number of sources, and acoustic properties of the space

MSound Levels outdoors are dependent on where the receiver is standing relative to the source (distance and angle) nearby obstructions

MMeasured as: **Sound Pressure**

Noise Criteria (NC) Level

MIndoor acceptable noise levels are usually classified as an NC level

Noise Criterion	Octave Band Center Frequency (Hz)									
	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000		
	Sound Pressure Levels (dB)									
NC-15	47	36	29	22	17	14	12	11		
NC-20	51	40	33	26	22	19	17	16		
NC-25	54	44	37	31	27	24	22	21		
NC-30	57	48	41	35	31	29	28	27		
NC-35	60	52	45	40	36	34	33	32		
NC-40	64	56	50	45	41	39	38	37		
NC-45	67	60	54	49	46	44	43	42		
NC-50	71	64	58	54	51	49	48	47		
NC-55	74	67	62	58	56	54	53	52		
NC-60	77	71	67	63	61	59	58	57		
NC-65	80	75	71	68	66	64	63	62		
NC-70	83	79	75	72	71	70	69	68		

	Octave Band Analysis			
Room Types		NC/RCb		
Rooms with Intrusion from	Traffic noise	N/A		
Outdoor Noise Sources ^d	Aircraft flyovers	N/A		
Residences, Apartments,	Living areas	30		
Condominiums	Bathrooms, kitchens, utility rooms	35		
Hotels/Motels	Individual rooms or suites	30		
	Meeting/banquet rooms	30		
	Corridors and lobbies	40		
	Service/support areas	40		
Office Buildings	Executive and private offices	30		
	Conference rooms	30		
	Teleconference rooms	25		
	Open-plan offices	40		
	Corridors and lobbies	40		
Courtrooms	Unamplified speech	30		
	Amplified speech	35		
Performing Arts Spaces	Drama theaters, concert and recital halls	20		
	Music teaching studios	25		
	Music practice rooms	30		
Hospitals and Clinics	Patient rooms	30		
	Wards	35		
	Operating and procedure rooms	35		
	Corridors and lobbies	40		
Laboratories	Testing/research with minimal speech communication	50		
	Extensive phone use and speech communication	45		
	Group teaching	35		
Churches, Mosques, Synagogues	General assembly with critical music programs ^e	25		
Schoolsf	Classrooms	30		
	Large lecture rooms with speech amplification	30		
	Large lecture rooms without speech amplification	25		
Libraries		30		
Indoor Stadiums,	Gymnasiums and natatoriumsg	45		
Gymnasiums	Large-seating-capacity spaces with speech amplifications	50		

Octave Band Analysisa

A-Weighted Response (dBA)

MFilters the spectrum to simulate the frequency response to sound by the human ear

MDeemphasizes the low frequencies, compensating for the lower sensitivity of the human ear to low frequency

MTypically used for environmental/ outdoor noise design criteria

Frequency (Hz)	63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000	dBA
PWL	95	94	89	84	80	74	69	68	
A-Weighting filter	-26	-16	-9	-3	0	1	1	-1	
PWL A-weighted	69	78	80	81	80	75	70	67	<u>86</u>

The Silencer/Attenuator/Sound Trap

MDucted, replaces section of ductwork

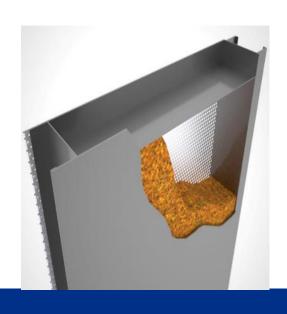
MUsed for indoor and outdoor noise control – Supply, return, outdoor, and exhaust air





NOISEBLOCKTM Acoustic Panels

MUsed for acoustic plenums, equipment enclosures, barrier walls







KNP Acoustic Panels

MAttached to existing structure for noise absorption

MEquipment yards, mechanical/generator rooms







Acoustic Louvers

MControl noise travelling through building envelope

Mused for outdoor/exhaust air and equipment enclosures



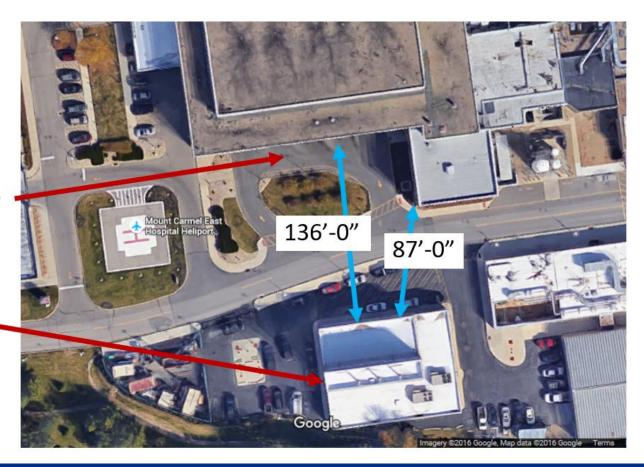






Main – Rear Entrance

Central Utility Plant 111 dBA





- Acoustic Louver
- 24" thickness
- No line of sight (security)
- Maximum attenuation











Questions?

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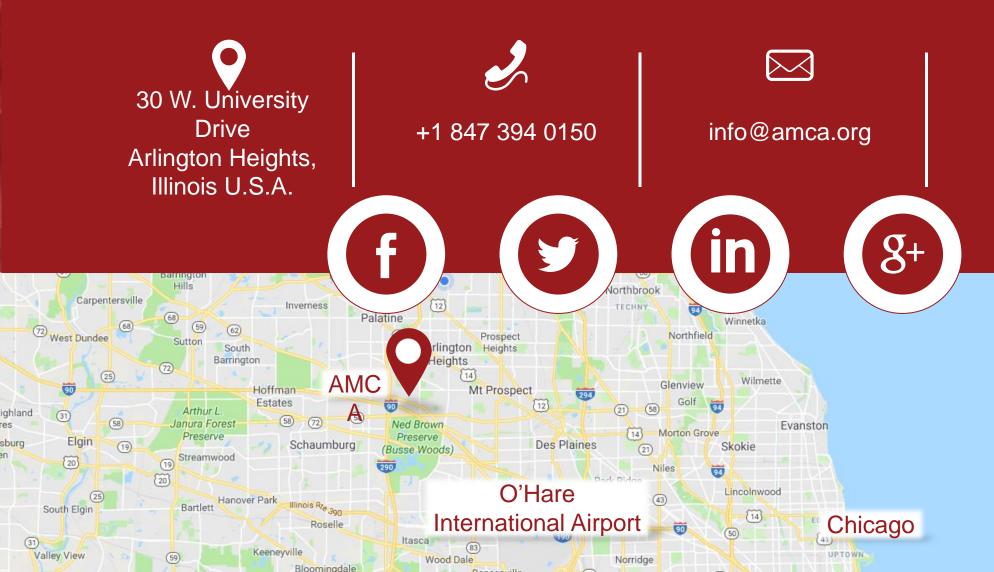


https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/AMCA_WHVACR_Webinar_Feb18_2022

We Create Quiet that Improves the Quality of Life

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CONTACT US





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